



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

and her colonies. The study is properly based upon the natural conditions affecting the production and distribution of commodities. In Part I the products of each geographic division, as the low plain of the Upper Rhine, the Baltic coast region, etc., are treated separately. Part II is devoted to a general survey of the industries and trade of the country as a whole. Part III deals with the colonies, and Part IV describes the chief raw materials imported from foreign countries. The topics, particularly the industries, are treated with unusual fullness for a text-book; but a school book on Commercial Geography limited to a single country misses the important educative element of comparison and contrast with other countries.

*Hints to Travellers.* Edited by John Coles, F.R.G.S., F.R.A.S.  
Eighth Edition, Revised and Enlarged. Vols. I and II. London,  
The Royal Geographical Society, 1901.

The present edition of this useful handbook has been expanded to two volumes. The first volume, entirely given to Surveying and Practical Astronomy, amplifies the earlier sections on Surveying, and includes a set of tables, by using which, with the Nautical Almanac, travellers may compute the results of their observations. In the second volume the sections on Meteorology and Medical Hints have been rewritten and greatly enlarged; and Photography, Geology, Natural History, Industry, and Commerce, etc., have been revised. Hints on Outfit and other topics, formerly treated in the one-volume edition, are reserved for a separate pamphlet. Many explorers are compelled to limit the weight of their outfit. It is to be supposed that all suggestions most needed in their travels can be compactly presented within the present compass of this work, which still has the advantage of being lighter and smaller than some of the similar German handbooks.

*The Restoration of the Ancient Irrigation Works on the Tigris; or, The Re-Creation of Chaldea.* By Sir William Willcocks, K.C.M.G., M.I.C.E., Late Director-General of Reservoirs, Egypt, Managing Director of the Daina Sanieh Company. Being a Lecture Delivered at a Meeting of the Khedivial Geographical Society, Cairo, 25th March, 1903. With Two Appendices. Appendix A—Meteorological Information about Bagdad. Appendix B—An Address on “Egypt Fifty Years Hence.” And Ten Plates. Cairo, National Printing Department, 1903.

Egypt is the queen of irrigated countries, but next to Egypt Sir William places the wonderful land irrigated in ancient days by